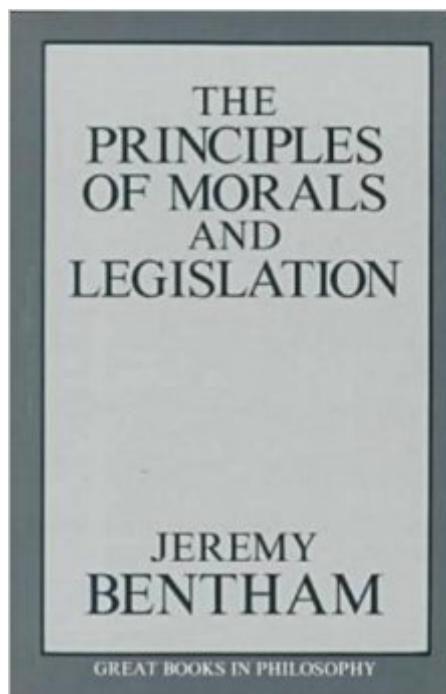


The book was found

The Principles Of Morals And Legislation (Great Books In Philosophy)



Synopsis

Jeremy Bentham's work on *The Principles of Morals and Legislation* emerges from its historic roots in hedonism and teleology as a scientific attempt to assess the moral content of human action by focusing on its results or consequences. Proceeding from the assumption that human beings desire pleasure (and avoid pain), Bentham's unique perspective, known as utilitarianism, is used to construct a fascinating calculus for determining which action to perform when confronted with situations requiring moral decision-making the goal of which is to arrive at the "greatest happiness of the greatest number." Toward this end, he endeavors to delineate the sources and kinds of pleasure and pain and how they can be measured when assessing one's moral options. Bentham supports his arguments with discussions of intentionality, consciousness, motives, and dispositions. Bentham concludes this groundbreaking work with an analysis of punishment: its purpose and the proper role that law and jurisprudence should play in its determination and implementation. Here we find Bentham as social reformer seeking to resolve the tension that inevitably exists when the concerns of the many conflict with individual freedom. *The Principles of Morals and Legislation* offers readers the rare opportunity to experience one of the great works of moral philosophy, a volume that has influenced the course of ethical theory for over a century.

Book Information

Series: Great Books in Philosophy

Paperback: 352 pages

Publisher: Prometheus Books (February 1, 1988)

Language: English

ISBN-10: 0879754346

ISBN-13: 978-0879754341

Product Dimensions: 5.4 x 0.8 x 8.4 inches

Shipping Weight: 13.4 ounces (View shipping rates and policies)

Average Customer Review: 4.2 out of 5 stars Â See all reviews Â (17 customer reviews)

Best Sellers Rank: #431,299 in Books (See Top 100 in Books) #28 in Books > Law > Legal Theory & Systems > Natural Law #292 in Books > Politics & Social Sciences > Philosophy > Social Philosophy #598 in Books > Textbooks > Humanities > Philosophy > Ethics

Customer Reviews

Jeremy Bentham's Bentham Utilitarianism is essentially based on his desire to move away from the moral philosophy of Judeo-Christian ethics , or the deism of Adam Smith, and move toward a

philosophy that could underpin an atheistic perspective. Bentham wants to come up with a decision making calculus which is simultaneously applicable to issues in economics (politics) and ethics (morals). Bentham claims that for all actions there are two distinctly measurable outcomes, pain and pleasure. Bentham comes up with a Principle of Utility (p.1). This essentially boils down to the observation that positive utility (pleasure) is generated by activities that generate sensations of pleasure while negative utility (pain) is generated by activities which generate sensations of pain. One can approve or disapprove of any action to the extent that it increases happiness (pleasure) or decreases pain. Approve, in Bentham's system, translates as good or right. Disapprove, in Bentham's system, translates as bad or wrong. How is this system implemented? Bentham claims that there are lots (units) of pleasure and pain that all decisionmakers can calculate precisely and exactly. The value of the lots will be more or less depending on the duration, intensity, and certainty of the pleasure. All actions are equally good if the sum of the amounts of pleasure resulting from each action is equal. This is where economists come up with their indifference curve analysis and hedonic calculus. Unfortunately, Bentham fails miserably in his attempt to demonstrate that human decision makers have the capacity to calculate exactly in quantitative terms. He never answers the question, "How do humans actually make the quantitative calculations?", upon which Bentham's entire edifice of decision making is so precariously balanced. He merely asserts it: "...

Jeremy Bentham's ideology on human pursuit of pleasure contains many strengths and weaknesses. Bentham's essay, *An Introduction to the Principles of Morals and Legislation*, separates the two root drives of human essence into categories of pleasure and pain. Bentham stresses the duality of the human mind's pursuit of pleasure, continuing from subjugation of others for ultimate attainment. He states that humans should not be grouped, due to personal conviction and perspective. Although the individual is part of a community, the individual's own pursuance of pleasure categorizes them as a utility; resulting in the term 'utilitarianism.' Several principles are listed by Bentham to support his argument that humanity has a distinct set of motives to create happiness or malcontent amongst the masses. Bentham relates these principles with empowered political bodies and why they continue to rule. One of Bentham's principles, the principle of sympathy and antipathy, praises the human ability to generally accept certain actions as an impersonal blow. Thus, if a utility does not feel threatened or in error, why relate consequences of actions to personal welfare? In turn, should that individual measure out the consequences of others' actions fearing for their own external welfare? Bentham's perspective on human methodology as a

strict functioning environment of social cues has many flaws. Determination of values as 'right' or 'wrong' does not review the complexities of human social environment. Empowerment was not an anti-puritanical event that occurred in society; but a constitution of human need for order.

[Download to continue reading...](#)

The Principles of Morals and Legislation (Great Books in Philosophy) An Introduction to the Principles of Morals and Legislation (Dover Philosophical Classics) The Complete Works of Herbert Spencer: The Principles of Psychology, The Principles of Philosophy, First Principles and More (6 Books With Active Table of Contents) The End of Comparative Philosophy and the Task of Comparative Thinking: Heidegger, Derrida, and Daoism (SUNY Series in Chinese Philosophy and Culture) ... Chinese Philosophy and Culture (Paperback) An Enquiry Concerning the Principles of Morals (Hackett Classics) Fundamental Principles of the Metaphysic of Morals Fundamental Principles of the Metaphysics of Morals NIETZSCHE COMPLETE WORKS COLLECTION 20+ BOOKS and BIOGRAPHY - Including Zarathustra, Wagner, Twilight, Gay Science, Morals, Antichrist, Beyond Good and Evil, Birth of Tragedy, Ecce Homo Jokes For Kids - Joke Books : Funny Books : Kids Books : Books for kids age 9 12 : Best Jokes 2016 (kids books, jokes for kids, books for kids 9-12, ... funny jokes, funny jokes for kids) (Volume 1) Recent Developments in Securities Law, 2016 ed.: Leading Lawyers on Understanding Important Legislation and Complying with SEC Rules and Regulations (Inside the Minds) Legislation and Statutory Interpretation, (Concepts and Insights) Legislation and Statutory Interpretation, 2d (Concepts and Insights Series) Stephen King and Philosophy (Great Authors and Philosophy) Examples & Explanations Legislation, Statutory Interpretation and Election Law Central Banking Legislation A collection of Central Bank, Monetary and Banking Laws **2 VOLUMES** The Dance of Legislation: An Insider's Account of the Workings of the United States Senate Morals and Dogma of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry Prepared for the Supreme Council of the Thirty-third Degree, for the Southern Jurisdiction of the United States, and Published By Its Authority LIST SERIES: JAMES ROLLINS: SERIES READING ORDER: SIGMA FORCE BOOKS, THE BANNED AND THE BANISHED BOOKS, GODSLAYER BOOKS, JAKE RANSOM BOOKS, TUCKER WAYNE BOOKS, STANDALONE NOVELS BY JAMES ROLLINS On the Genealogy of Morals (A Modernized Translation with a New Introduction and Biography) On the Genealogy of Morals and Ecce Homo

[Dmca](#)